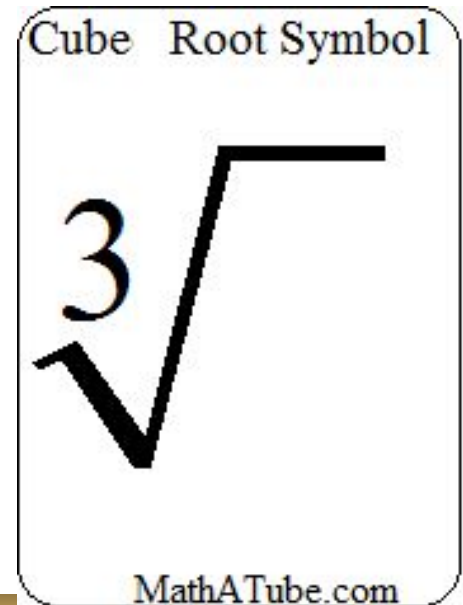


## Warm-Up/Homework Check

Pull out your Cube Root Exploration homework and discuss it with your table group.



## Brief Discussion about Cube Roots

$$\sqrt[3]{1} = 1 \text{ since } 1^3 = 1$$

$$\sqrt[3]{8} = 2 \text{ since } 2^3 = 8$$

$$\sqrt[3]{27} = 3 \text{ since } 3^3 = 27$$

$$\sqrt[3]{64} = 4 \text{ since } 4^3 = 64$$

$$\sqrt[3]{125} = 5 \text{ since } 5^3 = 125$$

# Fourth Root? Fifth Root? ...

## Perfect Fourth

$$1 = 1^4$$

$$16 = 2^4$$

$$81 = 3^4$$

$$256 = 4^4$$

$$625 = 5^4$$

## Fourth Root

$$\sqrt[4]{1} = 1$$

$$\sqrt[4]{16} = 2$$

$$\sqrt[4]{81} = 3$$

$$\sqrt[4]{256} = 4$$

$$\sqrt[4]{625} = 5$$

## Perfect Fifth

$$1 = 1^5$$

$$32 = 2^5$$

$$243 = 3^5$$

$$1024 = 4^5$$

$$3125 = 5^5$$

## Fifth Root

$$\sqrt[5]{1} = 1$$

$$\sqrt[5]{32} = 2$$

$$\sqrt[5]{243} = 3$$

$$\sqrt[5]{1024} = 4$$

$$\sqrt[5]{3125} = 5$$

# Study shows racial segregation, child poverty rising in United States

Read the article attached in Google Classroom. Then respond using the sentence starters:

I was surprised by \_\_ because \_\_.

When I read \_\_ it made me think of \_\_.

My overall take-away from this article is \_\_.

I think this will relate to today's math lesson because \_\_.

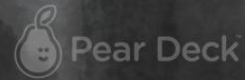
# 3.1 - Graphing Inequalities

October 2, 2018

What do you  
already know about  
inequalities?



Students, write your response!



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## Discuss at your table: Inequalities

- What are inequalities? What does this word mean?
- What are some symbols we use for inequalities?

## Inequalities-Definition from the text

Inequalities are mathematical sentences that use inequality symbols to compare the values of two expressions.



# Graphing on a Number Line

How could we represent an inequality on a number line?

How would we represent  $x$  is less than 3?

What about  $x$  is less than or equal to 3?



# Graphing an Inequality

Inequalities are represented on a number line by a ray.

If the inequality is **greater than or equal to** or **less than or equal to**, the end point of the ray is a closed circle. ●

If the inequality is just **greater than** or **less than**, the end point of the ray is an open circle. ○

# Practice

Graph the following on a number line

Ex. 1:  $x > 6$

Ex. 3:  $-6 > x$

Ex. 2:  $x \leq 12$

Ex 4:  $13 \leq b$



## Extend your thinking

Graph the following on a number line

$$4 < x \leq 7$$





# 3.2 - Adding and Subtracting Inequalities

October 2, 2018



# Adding and Subtracting Inequalities

Just like the 4 properties of equalities we talked about with equalities, there are **properties of inequalities**.

These function the same as the properties of equality.

# Addition Property of Inequality

$$X - 15 > -12$$

$$X - 15 + 15 > -12 + 15$$

# Practice-Addition Property of Inequality

$$M - 11 \geq -2$$

$$R - 15 < 9$$



# Subtraction Property of Inequality

$$T + 6 > -4$$

$$T + 6 - 6 > -4 - 6$$

## Practice- Subtraction Property of Inequality

$$-1 \geq y + 12$$

$$X + 9 < -3$$

Drag your dot to show if you're ready to move on:



Students, drag the icon!



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# Stations!

Visit all stations! Posted around the room.

# Homework

Pg. 168 # 17-20

Pg. 174 # 13, 15, 23-25, 39, 41